

# Liquid scintillator detector (Borexino-2)

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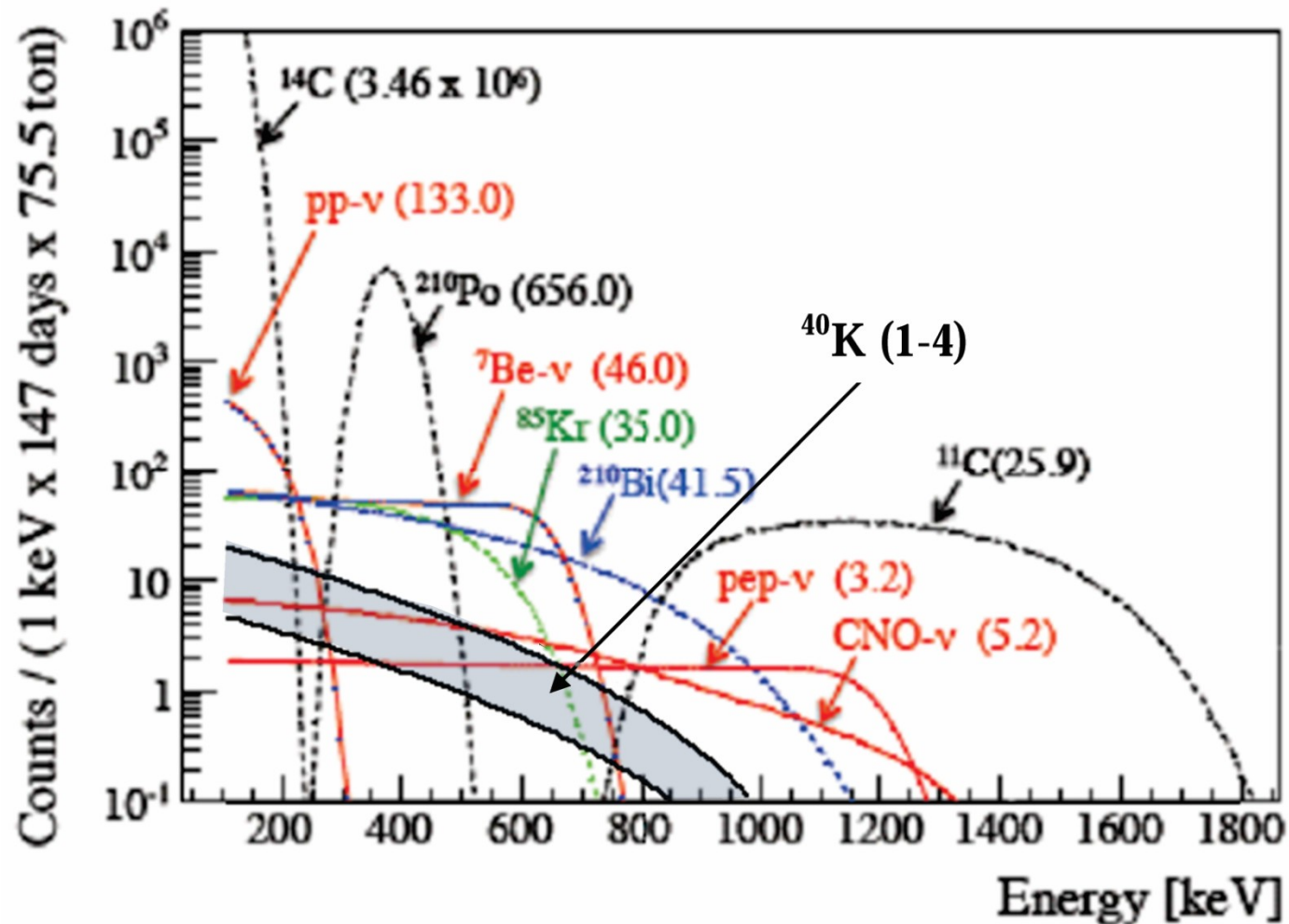
INR RAS



# Introduction

- There is a new challenge for particle physics.
- Looking for  $^{40}\text{K}$  antineutrino flux from Earth inside.
- It is important for some reasons for all mankind.
- Climate change, mean temperature growing up on the surface.
- It looks like Earth thermal flux is much larger than 47 TW.

The idea was proposed some time ago to Borexino collaboration to measure  $^{40}\text{K}$  antineutrinos



Physics of Particles and Nuclei **46**, 186 (2015); ArXiv:1405.3140[hep-ex]

# Large volume homogeneous detectors

- Borexino 300 t (100 t) Italy, Gran Sasso
- KamLAND 1000 t (600 t), Japan, Kamioka
- SNO+ 1000 t (?), Canada, Sudbery
- JUNO 20 kt (10-15 kt?), China
- JinPing 4 kt (?), China
- Baksan 10 kt (?), Russia, BNO
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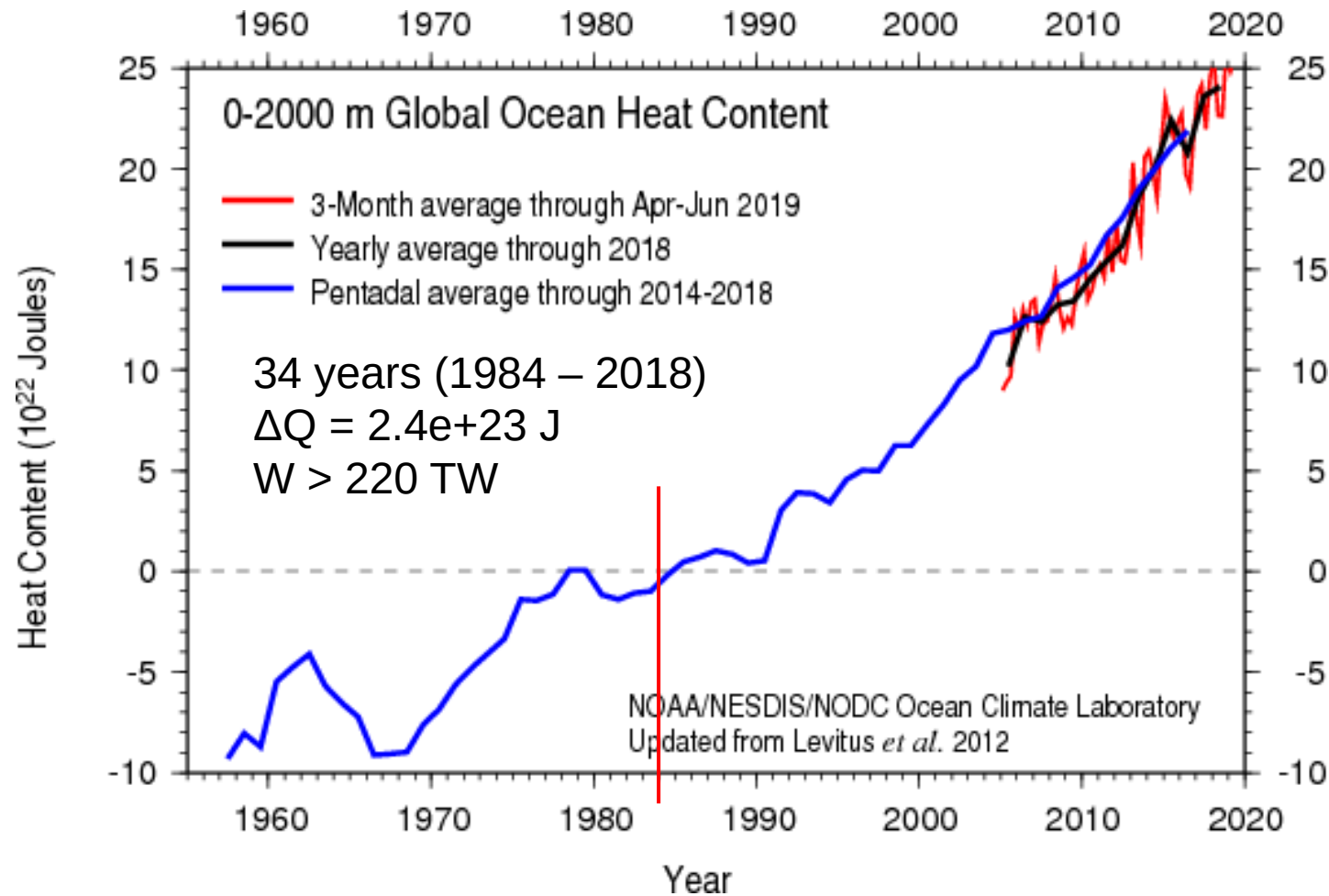
# What could be done at Baksan?

Do we need to copy Jinping? or other detector (Borexino, KamLAND)?

What are the goals for the detector?

If we think on geoneutrinos we **must** add in research the looking for  $^{40}\text{K}$  antineutrinos from the Earth. It is the only explanation of much larger (200-300 TW) Earth thermal flux than it was accounted before (47 TW).

# World ocean heating



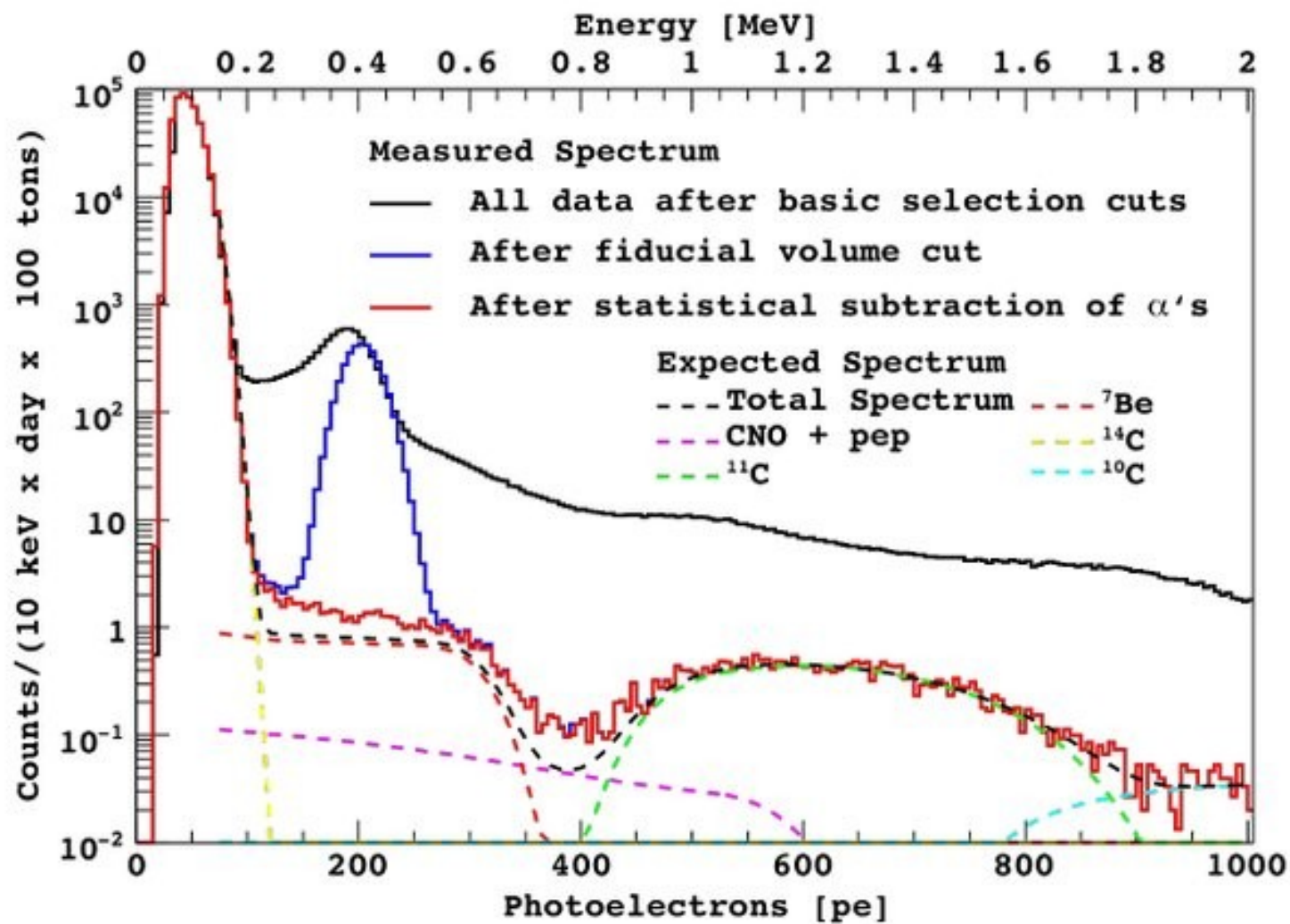
# Borexino-2

On base of Borexino experience we would like to propose the modernization of Borexino detector and installation it in some suitable place other then Gran Sasso (BNO?)

The proposal includes:

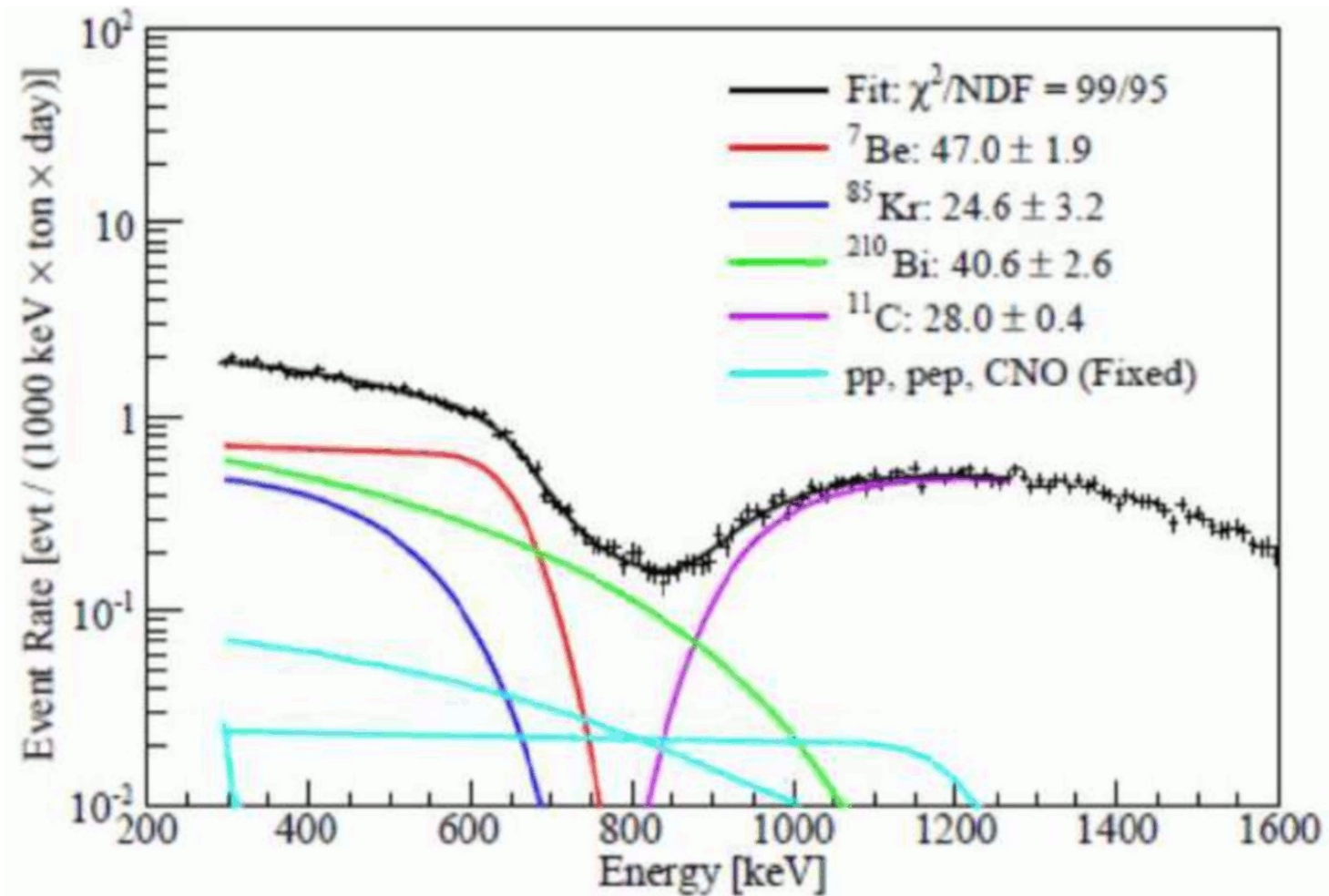
- Preparation of the hall (increasing height, clean room),
- Creating (or using existing if it is) infrastructure: electricity, ventilation,
- Scintillation purification system with better level of purification (it is needed at least one order better on U and Th)
- Producing more clean film with the same (or slightly larger) volume
- Installation new PMTs
- etc

# Borexino measured spectrum

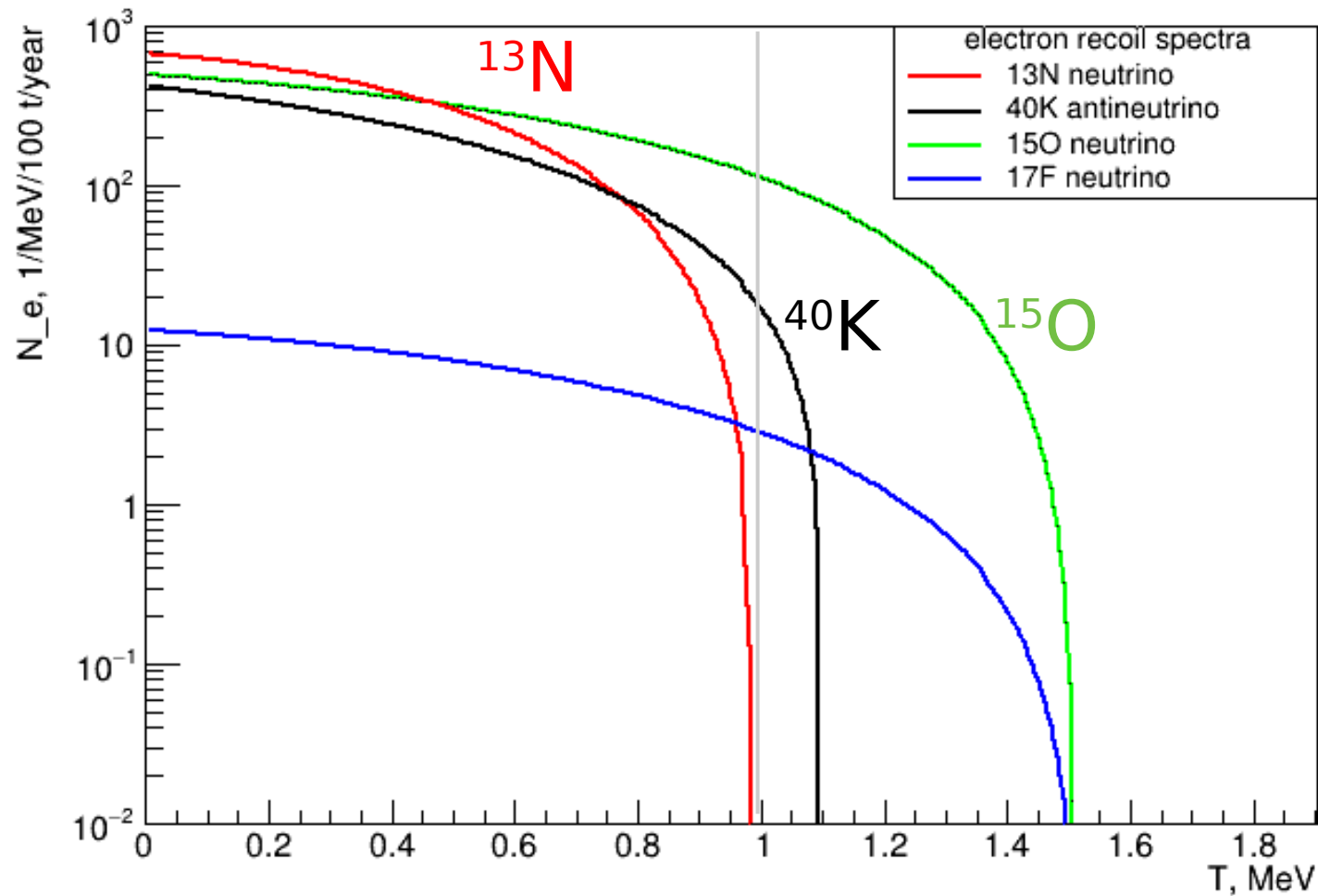




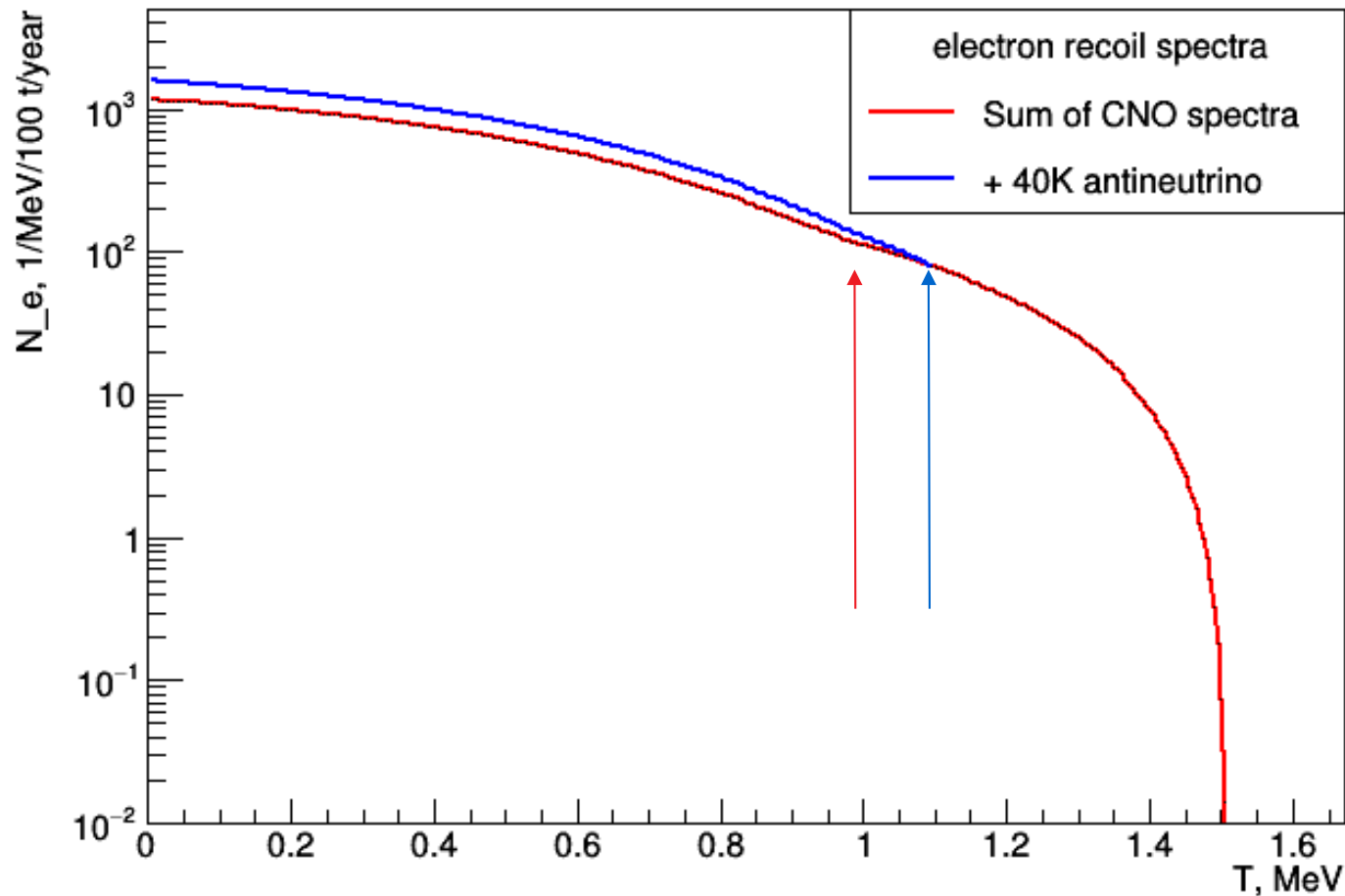
# Another view of Borexino spectrum



# Spectra from CNO cycle neutrinos and $^{40}\text{K}$ antineutrinos in a detector as recoil

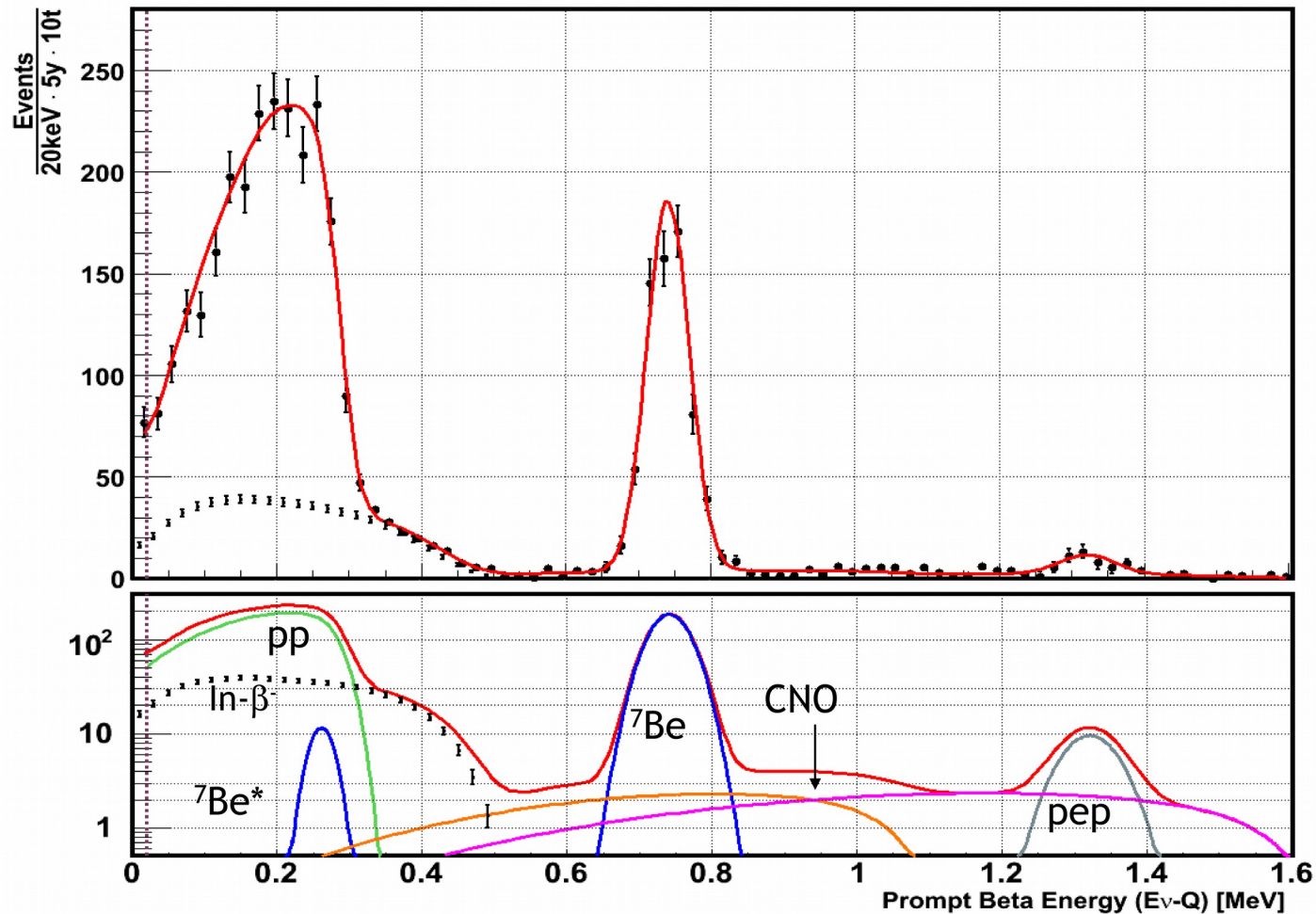


# Our prediction for possible observation of CNO neutrinos Borexino detector 100 t



# **Independent measuring of CNO neutrinos**

# Spectrum that could be measured by detector with 10 t of $^{115}\text{In}$ in 5 y



R.S. Raghavan, Phys. Rev. Lett. 37 (1976) 259; arXive: hep-ph/0611178

# Conclusion and outlook

- At Baksan we need an ambiguous goal. Looking for  $^{40}\text{K}$  antineutrinos and CNO neutrinos looks very attractive for this.
- The realization of it demands the international collaboration.
- Collaboration demands of total Baksan infrastructure refining.
- For CNO neutrinos additionally it might be good to make another detector, say with indium target.

**Thank you for the attention**

# The same as on page 11 in linear scale

